Alexandria DAILY Gazette, Commercial & Political.

VOL IX.] THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1809. 2658.

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets.

A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day——All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, V. M.

Wanted to Hire for the ensuing Year,

A NEGRO MAN, who can work in the house, and take care of horses. Apply to the PRINTER.

November 14. d

FINE PASTURE.

WE will be ready in about ten days to furnish butchers and others, Pasturage on our island, for any number of cattle not exceeding 100.

Philip Alexander,
John Luke.

July 29. d

FRESH FRUIT.

The subscriber has just received and offers for sale,

Malaga Raisins in kegs,
Muscatel and Bloom Raisins in boxes.

ALSO,

36 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.

James Patton.

April 19.

TO HIRE,

By the month or year,

A Negro Man [illegible]—He will be hired low if taken for the year.

Enquire of the Printer.

July 29.

Just Published,

[Price 12 and a half Cents.]

For sale, at R. GRAY'S Bookstore, King-street,

A Discourse on the Resurrection of the Body:

By the Rev. Samuel Stanhope Smith, President of Princeton College.

November 10.

NEW ALMANAC.

COTTOM & STEWART,
HAVE JUST PUBLISHED THEIR
ALMANAC,
For 1810.

Containing, besides the astronomical calculations, a variety of useful and entertaining matter.

ALSO,

GERMAN ALMANCS,
For 1810.

For sale by the Gross, Dozen, or single one

October

Charles Stade & Thos. Grimshaw,

HAVING entered into partnership in the ROPE-MAKING BUSINESS, offer for sale, at their store on Merchants' wharf, a general assortment of CORDAGE and SHIP-CHANDLERY, at which place, or at their rope-walk, they will receive orders for any description of Cordage warranted to be made out of the best materials and manufactured in such a manner as will bear the inspection of the best judges

N. B. A liberal price will be always given for HEMP of the best quality.

November 24 d

MILITARY LANDS.

FOR SALE,

Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexandria or its vicinity,

A Warrant for 696 acres of Land,

Granted by the state of Virginia for Military services during the revolutionary war. This land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to be amongst the best in the state. It will be sold a great bargain. Apply to

John Longden.

May 18.

FOR SALE,

A NEGRO WOMAN.

SHE is a good cook, washer and Ironer, and will be sold low for cash or on a short credit. Apply to the Printer.

Sept. 30

Public Sale.

On THURSDAY next, at eleven o'clock, will be sold, for cash, on the premises,

A Lot of Ground, together with all the improvements thereon, situated on the west side of Royal street, between King and Prince streets.

Hannah Adams,
Executrix of Samuel Adams.

December 1.

ROSE HILL FOR SALE.

This healthy, beautiful, and well improved SEAT is now offered for sale.

It contains 400 acres, 150 of which are in wood. No land is better adapted to the use of Plaister of Paris, and there is some very valuable meadow land upon it.

For terms apply to W. H. Foote, esq. upon the premises, or to the subscriber in Charles county, Maryland.

Benjamin Dulany, jun.

September 14. d

Notice is hereby given,

THAT a petition will be presented to the general assembly of Virginia at their next session, by the President and Directors of the *Little River Turnpike Company*, to pass an act authorising them to procure wood, gravel and stone for the purpose of repairing the Turnpike Road, in the manner in which they are authorised to procure such materials for making said road by the act for incorporating the Little River Turnpike Company.

Nov. 28. d2w

FOR SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, where Captain *James Deneale* formerly resided, near Fairfax court house, containing about 206 acres, whereon Mr. WALTER [illegible] now lives—he has rented it for the next year for one hundred dollars per year. Possession will be given next Christmas come a year.

ALSO

A tract of LAND in Fauquier county, adjoining the Thoroughfare Mill Tract, on the west side of the Bull Run Mountain, whereon I now live, containing between 4 and 500 acres as good farming land any in the county, the best meadow in the county, with a good young orchard and good new dwelling house. It is unnecessary to say any more about the above land as it is supposed that no person will purchase without viewing the premises. Possession will be given the place I live on next new year's day.

James Gunnell.

Fauquier County, Oct. 1—9. dt25th De

NOTICE.

MUTUAL ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

THE annual general meeting of the MUTUAL ASSURANCE SOCIETY against fire on buildings of the state of Virginia, will be held by adjournment at the Capitol in the city of Richmond, on the second Monday in Dec. next, (being the 11th day of Dec.)

SAMUEL GREENHOW,
P. Agent, M. A. S.

Richmond, Nov. 10th, 1809.

P. S. As much inconvenience and unnecessary expence results from the present mode of collecting the contributions of the members; which annually diverts a considerable part of those contributions from the uses for which they were intended—burdens individuals with heavy costs, and greatly delays the collections, to the injury of the credit of the society, the general meeting at their last annual session, applied to the legislature, to authorise a more certain, expeditious, and less expensive mode of collection. Their application was rejected, under an impression, that the members of the society might not approve this act of their proxies.

Having been informed that, a similar proposition will be submitted to the consideration of the next general meeting, and believing some amendment in that respect necessary to the prosperity of the institution, I have thought it proper to give this public notice thereof.

S. Greenhow, P. A.

November 27. dt11thDec.

For Freight or Charter,

The fine stauneh SHIP
THOMAS,
CAPTAIN MARTIN,
Burthen about 250 tons, and in complete order. (now daily expected in from Boston) Apply to

John G. Ladd.

November 17.

For Freight or Charter,

To any Intermediate Port,

The new Brig
SUMNER,
ANDREW MALCOM, Master;
Burthen 2000 barrels: She is in compleat order and ready to receive a cargo Apply to

Charles I. Catlett.

November 6.

SAMUEL JEPSON

Takes this method to acquaint the citizens of Alexandria that he has just opened a *Hat Store* and *Manufactory*, in the shop formerly occupied by Mr. M'Munn, at the corner of Prince and Fairfax-street, where he intends keeping a general assortment of ladies, gentlemens, and childrens *fashionable Hats*, made of the best materials. The strictest attention will be paid to those who wish to purchase.

November 29. d

The Subscriber

Has received the following articles:

New Orleans and St. Croix Sugars of the first quality
Mississippi Cotton of the first quality
Cogniac Brandy, St. Croix Rum, Holland Gin
London Particular Madeira, Sherry, Lisbon } WINES
Superior Claret in cases
Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, Souchong, & Bohea } TEAS.
Best Green Coffee in bags and barrels
Gunpowder
P. B. Patent Shot, from B. B. to No. 9
Mould Shot, B. L. and S. S. G.
Salt Petre, double refined
Spanish Flotant Indigo
Copperas of the 1st quality
Fresh Nutmegs
Pimento and black Pepper,
Demijohns,

With a general assortment of GROCERIES, and as usual, old Jamaica Spirits, Peach Brandy, and old Port wine in bottles.

The above articles will be sold very low by the wholesale or retail.

TO RENT,

A convenient and well finished BRICK HOUSE, at the upper end of King street.

James Sanderson.

Nov. 3. d

☞ DANCING.

MR. GENERES will open his *practising Evenings* on SATURDAY next, the 9th instant, at six o'clock, and invites his present and former PUPILS to favor him with their company.

November 5. 3t*

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having experienced injury and inconvenience from persons trespassing on his land in Fairfax county, commonly known by the name of *Mount Hybla*—Notice is given and all persons are hereby warned from hunting, shooting, or trespassing on the said tract of land, as offenders will be dealt with agreeable to law.

John C. Vowell.

Fairfax County, Dec. 4—5.

JAMES BACON

Begs leave to inform his former customers and friends, that he has

Recommenced the Grocery Business,

At his Store on King near Washington-street.

WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,

A well chosen assortment of goods, in that line,

Warranted genuine, particularly his

TEAS, WINES & LIQUORS,

Which are of a superior quality—He will dispose of each and every article on the most moderate terms.

May 2. dtf.

LANDING

From the sloop Ranger, Captain Campbell, and for sale by

Lawrason and Fowle,

30 tons Plaister Paris
20 barrels New-England Rum
100 kegs Salmon
4 chests Hyson Tea
30 coils Grass Rope
5000 yards Tow Cloth
33 casks Goshen Cheese, of a superior quality.

IN STORE,

30,000 weight Green Coffee
25 hogsheads and 20 barrels Muscovado Sugars
10 chests Young Hyson Tea, of a superior quality.
50 cases Florence Oil, 12 bottles each
100 bolts Ravens Duck
100 reams Writing Paper.
30 barrels Tanners Oil
3 casks Sperm Oil
4 pipes 4th proof Alicant Brandy
4 puncheons Jamaica Rum
200 barrels Mess No. 1 & No. 2 Beef
50 barrels Prime Pork
150 boxes Brown Soap
6 casks Timothy Seed
50 boxes Cod Fish
50 Do. No. 1 & 3 Chocolate
10 barrels Salmon
20,000 lbs. Soal Leather
30 packages Shoes different qualities.
30 casks Bellona Gunpowder
1 case German Checks.

WANTED,

1000 bushels clean Rye, for which Cash will be given.

Apply as above.

Dec 6.

Public Sale.

On THURSDAY next, at half past ten o'clock, will be sold, on the premises,

A House and Lot of Ground,

situate on Water-street, adjoining Mr. Muncaster's dwelling house. Terms, &c. will be made known at the place of sale.

P. G. Marsteller.

December 1.

ATTENTION!

A RECRUITING RENDEZVOUS is opened at the corner of Washington and King streets, for the enlistment of soldiers to serve in the United States Artillery.

John Fitzgerald,
Lt. U. S. Artillerists.

Nov. 17. d

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY

CHARLES I. CATLETT,

75 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young Hyson Teas.
30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.
20 pipes and 8 quarter casks Lisbon and Teneriffe Wine.
8 hogsheads Muscovado Sugar.
2000 lbs. Seine Twine.
50 boxes Mould Candles.
50 do. Spanish Segars.
8 barrels Pimento.

October 16.

☞ BUTTER.

4000 lbs. firkin Butter, in good shipping order

20 boxes Dixon's fresh Mustard.
40 kegs Leiper's & Garret's Snuffs,

Just received by

Joseph Mandeville,
Corner of King and Fairfax-streets.

With a general assortment of Groceries as usual.

November 28.

Five Dollars *Reward.*

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living in Alexandria, a negro boy, of a yellowish complexion, called JOE PAIN, about 16 years of age—had on when he went away a pair of home-spun pantaloons, mixed with blue black and white, and generally wore them without suspenders tied round his waist with a string; Likewise, had on a blue cloth roundabout jacket. I think it probable that he may have changed them. He is apt to be impudent when spoken to and speaks very quick. It is supposed he is at present lurking about the navy yard, though he is frequently in Alexandria.

Catharine Dade.

December 2 d

COMMERCIAL AND POLITICAL.
Alexandria Daily Gazette,

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette 6 Dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7.

DOCUMENTS,
WHICH ACCOMPANIED THE
MESSAGE OF THE PRESIDENT,
OF THE
UNITED STATES.

[CONTINUED.]

Mr. Smith to Mr. Jackson.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, *Nov.* 1, 1809.

SIR,

Your letter of the 23d ult. which was duly received, would have been sooner acknowledged, had I not by sickness been rendered for several days utterly unfit for business.

Although the delay and the apparent reluctance in specifying the grounds of the disavowal of the arrangement with respect to the orders in council, do not correspond with the course of proceeding deemed most becoming the occasion; yet as the explanation has at length been thus made, it only remains, as to that part of the disavowed arrangement, to regret that such considerations should have been allowed to outweigh the solid objections to the disavowal; it being understood at the same time that his Britannic majesty perseveres in requiring as indispensable condition on the part of the United States, an entire relinquishment of the right to trade with enemies' colonies, and also permission to the British navy to aid in executing a law of Congress; pretensions, which cannot but render abortive all proposals whatever upon this subject whether made by the United States or by his Britannic majesty.

Whilst you have deemed it proper to offer an explanation with respect to the disavowal of one part of the arrangement, I must remind you that there is not to be found in your letter any like specification of the reasons for the disavowal, nor particularly is it shewn that the instructions were violated, as to the other part, viz. the case of the Chesapeake; the case in which in an especial manner an explanation was required, and in which only you professed to have authority to make to this government any overtures.

For the first time it is now disclosed that the subjects, arranged with this government by your predecessor, are held not to be within the authority of a minister plenipotentiary, and that, not having had a "full power distinct from that authority, his transactions on those subjects might of right be disavowed by his government." This disclosure, so contrary to every antecedent supposition and just inferenee, gives a new aspect to this business. If the authority of your predecessor did not embrace the subjects in question, so as to bind his government, it necessarily follows, that the only credentials yet presented by you being the same with those presented by him, give you no authority to bind it, and that the exhibition of a "full power" for that purpose, such as you doubtless are furnished with, is become an indispensable preliminary to further negociation; or, to speak more strictly, was required in the first instance by the view of the matter now disclosed by you. Negociation without this preliminary would not only be a departure from the principle of equality which is the essential basis of it, but would moreover be a disregard of the precautions and of the self-respect enjoined on the attention of the United States by the circumstances which have hitherto taken place.

I need scarcely add, that in the full power alluded to, as a preliminary to negociation, is not intended to be included either the whole extent or any part of your instructions for the exercise of it. These of course, as you have justly remarked, remain subject to your own discretion.

I abstain, sir, from making any particular animadversions on several irrelevant and improper allusions in your letter, not at all comporting with the professed disposition to adjust in an amicable manner the differences unhappily subsisting between the two countries. But it would be improper to conclude the few observations to which I purposely limit myself, without adverting to your repetition of a language implying a knowledge on the part of this government that the instructions of your predecessor did not authorise the arrangement formed by him. After the explicit and preremptory asservation that this government had no such knowledge, and that with such a knowledge no such arrangement would have been entered into, the view, which you have again presented of the subject, makes it my duty to apprize you, that such insinuations are inadmissible in the intercourse of a foreign minister with a government that understands what it owes to itself.

I have the honor to be, &c.
(Signed) R. SMITH.

The hon. F. J. Jackson, &c. &c.

Mr. Jackson to Mr. Smith.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4, 1809.

SIR,

When I forwarded to my court your letter of the 19th ult, and the answer which I returned to it, I imagined, and I may add, I hoped, that the retrospective correspondence, into which you thought it necessary to enter with me, had been closed. You will, no doubt, recollect with what reluctance I acquiesced in your intimation on this head; not as I believe has been seen, from any difficulty in maintaining the justice of the cause which is entrusted to me, but because I was and still am of opinion, that this sort of correspondence is not calculated to remove differences and soothe the irritations of the most unfortunate tendency. As however, I had no choice but to renounce, for the present, the hope of effecting this desirable object, or to pursue it in the manner prescribed in your letter of the 9th ult. so I am now unwillingly compelled to enter upon the consideration of another letter from you under date of the 1st inst. which but too strongly confirms the opinion I before entertained.

Since, sir, it has been judged expedient to confine to written form this important and interesting discussion; since that mode has been declared by you to be indispensable, I will first appeal to the written communications which have passed between us; and I do this with the greater satisfaction, because I consider it to be the chief cause of the present remarkable state of things, that in speaking of engagements contracted or supposed to have been contracted between the two countries, *understandings* or *implied engagements* have been allowed to take place of written compacts, and have been considered, in some instances, as having the same validity. It is furthermore necessary to place in the most unequivocal light a topic, which I observe to be constantly and prominently restated in your letters, notwithstanding the repeated, but, as it should seem, fruitless endeavors used in mine, to clear it from the slightest shadow of obscurity.

You say "that it is understood that his "Britannic majesty perseveres in requiring as indispensable conditions on the part "of the United States, an entire relinquishment of the right to trade with the enemies colonies, and also a permission to "the British navy to aid in executing a "law of Congress."

This same statement is contained in your letter of the 9th instant, and represented as the substance of what had fallen from me in our previous conferences. In my answer to that letter, I took the liberty of shewing that such a supposition was erroneous, and I have looked in vain to my letter of the 23d, to find in it any suggestion of a similar tenor. I believe, therefore, that by reference to my two letters you will find that the statement now again brought forward is contained in neither of them, that it made no part of my previous conversations with you, and that I have in no way given room to suppose, that I ever made any such statement at all.

That before the orders in council can be revoked, their object must be obtained in some other way, is unquestionably true; but you may be assured sir, that there is no wish whatever entertained in England, that the British navy should be employed in executing a law of Congress—— If the proposal that was made upon that subject, and made, as you now know, because it was believed to be acceptable here, had been adopted, and had become a matter of compact between the two countries, and thereby a part, not of the law of Congress, but of the public law binding upon both parties, and which both would have had a common interest in seeing duly executed; in that case the agency of the British navy would not have had the invidious aspect, which is now attempted to be given to it. At present there is no engagement between the two countries, no laws of Congress which bear a reference to any such engagement, and consequently it cannot be wished to take any share whatever in the execution of those laws.

In regard to the colonial trade I need only observe, that all or nearly all the enemies colonies are blockaded by British squadrons, it cannot therefore be so much an object of solicitude, as you imagine, to obtain the relinquishment of the trade of any country to those colonies. On the contrary you will find it stated in my letter of the 11th ultimo, to be a "matter of indifference whether the order in council" (on this subject) "be continued, or an arrangement by mutual consent be substituted in its room."

When I informed you that the agreement concluded here in April last, had been framed in deviation feom the instructions given for the occasion, my explanation was intended to apply to both parts of that agreement. That nothing required by the most scrupulous accuracy, may be wanting, I now add, that the deviation consisted in not recording in the official document signed here, the abrogation of the [illegible] proclamation of the 2d July, 1807, as well as the two reserves specified in the paper of memoranda enclosed in my official letter to you of the 27th ultimo.

There is another motive for the disavowal of this part of the arrangement, considered to be strong and so self-evident upon the very face of the transaction, that I am not commanded to do more than indicate it in the manner I have already done. By this forbearance his majesty conceives that he is giving an additional pledge of his sincere disposition to maintain a good understanding with the United States.

I am somewhat at a loss to give a distinct reply to that part of your letter which relates to Mr. Erskine's authority to conclude with you in virtue of his letter of credence, because I do not very distinctly understand the tendency of it. I never before heard it doubted that a full power was requisite to enable a minister to conclude a treaty, or that a mere general letter of credence was insufficient for that purpose.

If it were otherwise, and a government were in all cases to be bound by the act, however unauthorised, of an accredited minister, there would be no safety in the appointment of such a minister, and ratifications would be useless. No full power was given in the present case because it was not a treaty, that was in contemplation.

In his dispatch of the 23d of January, Mr. Secretary Canning distinctly says to Mr. Erskine—"Upon receiving through you on the part of the American government a distinct and official recognition of the three abovementioned conditions, his majesty will lose no time in sending to America a minister fully empowered to consign them to a formal and regular treaty."

This minister would, of course, have been provided with a full power; but Mr. Erskine was to be guided by his instructions, and had the agreement concluded here been conformable to them, it would without doubt have been ratified by his majesty. I must beg your very particular attention to the circumstance that his majesty's ratification has been withheld, not because the agreement was concluded without a full power, but because it was altogether irreconcileable with the instructions on which it was professedly founded. The question of the full power was introduced by yourself to give weight by a quotation from a highly respected author, to your complaint of the disavowal. In answer to which I observed that the question did not apply, as Mr. Erskine had no full power. Never did I imagine, or any where attempt to rest the right of disavowal upon that circumstance—indubitably his agreement would, nevertheless, have been ratified had not the instructions, which in this case took the place of a full power, been violated.

I am surprised at the transition by which it appears to you that this part of the subject is connected with the authority empowering me to negociate with you. It will not I dare say, have escaped your recollection that I informed you at a very early period of our communications, that in addition to the usual credential letter, his majesty had been pleased to invest me with a full power under the great seal of his kingdom, for the express purpose of concluding a treaty or convention. I well remember your testifying your satisfaction at the circumstance; and I have only now to add that I am ready, whenever it suits your conveninence, to exchange my full power against that with which you shall be provided, for the progress of our negociation.

I am concerned, sir, to be obliged a second time to appeal to those principles of public law under the sanction and protection of which I was sent to this country.—Where there is not freedom of communication in the form substituted for the more usual one of verbal discussion, there can be little useful intercourse between ministers; and one, at least, of the epithets which you have thought proper to apply to my last letter is such as necessarily abridgest that freedom. That any thing therein contained may be irrevalent to the subject it is of course competent in you to endeavor to shew and as far as you succeed in so doing, in so far will my argument lose of its validity—but as to the propriety of my allusions, you must allow to me to acknowledge only the decision of my own sovereign, whose commands I obey, and to whom alone I can consider myself responsible. Beyond this it suffices that I do not deviate from the respect due to the government to which I am accredited.

You will find that in my correspondence with you, I have carefully avoided drawing conclusions that did not necessarily follow from the premises advanced by me, and at least of all should I think of uttering an insinuation, where I was unable to substantiate a fact. To facts, such as I have become acquainted with them, I have scrupulously adhered, and in so doing I must continue, whenever the good faith of his majesty's government is called in question, to vindicate its honor and its dignity in the manner that appears to me best calculated for that purpose.

I have the honor to be, with great respect,

Sir, your most obd't,
Humble servant,
F. J. JACKSON.

The Hon. R. Smith, &c. &c. &c.

Mr. Smith to Mr. Jackson.

Department of State, Nov. 8, 1809.

SIR,

In my letter of the 19th ult. I stated to you that the declaration in your letter of the 11th, that the despatch "from Mr. Canning to Mr. Erskine of the 23d January, was the only despatch by which the conditions were prescribed to Mr. Erskine, for the conclusion of an arrangement on the matter to which it related, was then for the first time made to this government."—And it was added, that if that despatch had been communicated at the time of the arrangement, or if it had been known that the propositions contained in it were the only ones on which he was authorised to make an arrangement, the arrangement would not have been made.

In my letter of the 1st instant, adverting to the repetition in your letter of the 23d ult. of a language implying a knowledge in this government that the instructions of your predecessor did not authorise the arrangement formed by him, an intimation was distinctly given to you, that after the explicit and peremptory asseveration that this government had not any such knowledge, and that with such a knowledge, such an arrangement would not have been made, no such insinuation could be admitted by this government.

Finding that in your reply of the 4th instant, you have used a language which cannot be understood but as reiterating and even aggravating the same gross insinuation, it only remains, in order to preclude opportunities which are thus abused, to inform you that no further communications will be received from you, and that the necessity of this determination will, without delay be made known to your government. In the mean time a ready attention will be given to any communications affecting the interest of the two nations, through any other channel that may be substituted.

I have the honor to be, &c.
Signed R. SMITH.

The hon. Francis James Jackson, &c. &c. &c.

Mr. Oakeley, his majesty's secretary of legation, is desired by Mr. Jackson to state to the secretary of state that, as Mr. Jackson has been already once most grossly insulted by the inhabitants of the town of Hampton in the unprovoked language held by them to several officers bearing the king's uniform, when those officers were themselves violently assaulted and put in imminent danger; he conceives it to be indispensible to the safety of himself, of the gentlemen attached to his mission, and of his family, during the remainder of their stay in the United States, to be provided with special passports or safeguards from the American government. This is the more necessary since some of the newspapers of the United States are daily using a language whose only tendency can be to excite the people to commit violence upon Mr. Jackson's person. In consequence he requests that the undermentioned names may be inserted in the document to be furnished him.

Francis James Jackson,
Mrs. Jackson,
Their three Children,
Charles Oakley, Esq.
His Majesty's Secretary of Legation.
Mr. George Ottey,
Private Secretary.

SERVANTS.
Robert Clavering,
Francis Martin,
William Attree,
Charles Beecroft,
Richard Lowe,
John Price,
John Lilly,

allow to me to acknow-
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F. J. JACKSON.
n, &c. &c. &c.

to Mr. Jackson.
State, Nov. 8, 1809.

he 19th ult. I stated to
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to be, &c.
R. SMITH.

Jackson, &c. &c. &c.

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James Wright,
Amelia George,
Mary Smith,
Harriet Patten,
Martha Wood,
Frances Blacknell.

[Received at the Department of State on 11th November, 1809.]

Mr. OAKLEY is desired by Mr. Jackson to say to the Secretary of State:

That Mr. Jackson has seen with much regret that facts, which it has been his duty to state in his official correspondence, have been deemed by the American government to afford a sufficient motive for breaking off an important negociation and for putting an end to all communication whatever with the minister charged by his sovereign with that negociation so interesting to both nations, and on one point of which an answer has not even been returned to an official and written overture.

One of the facts alluded to has been admitted by the secretary of state himself in his letter of the 19th Oct. viz. that the three conditions forming the substance of Mr. Erskine's original instructions were submitted to him by that gentleman. The other, viz. that that instruction is the only one in which the conditions were prescribed to Mr. Erskine for the conclusion of an arrangement on the matter to which it related, is known to Mr. Jackson by the instructions which he himself has received.

In stating these facts and in adhering to them, as his duty imperiously enjoined him to do, Mr. Jackson could not imagine that offence would be taken at it by the American government, as most certainly none could be intended on his part; but since he has been informed by the secretary of state that no farther communications will be received from him, he conceives that he has no alternative that is consistent with what is due to the king's dignity, but to withdraw altogether from the seat of the American government, and await the arrival of his majesty's commands upon the unlooked-for turn which has thus been given to his affairs in this country.

Mr. Jackson means to make New-York the place of his residence.

Washington, 13th Nov. 1809.

[*To be continued.*]

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7.

We are much gratified at the result of the charter election in the city of New York. That city has long been a strong hold of democracy and Jeffersonianism; indeed, it was to the people of that city that Jefferson was indebted for his exaltation. There Aaron Burr first laid the foundation of that intrigue which raised the would-be philosopher into the seat of the Great Washington. To be sure Burr performed more than he intended, and Jefferson knowing to whom he owed his power, took care to destroy the c[illegible] that he might not be called on for p[illegible].

It is a very consolatory consideration to mankind to see a city so enveloped in the mists of democracy rise in its might, and at one terrible exertion shake off the films and fogs of darkness which have so long enclouded it.

Congress of the United States.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, *December* 6.

[*Taken for the Alexandria Gazette.*]

Mr. M'Kim called up his resolution laid on the table yesterday, prohibiting American vessels trading under foreign licence.—The resolution was referred to the committee of commerce and manufactures, to report by bill or otherwise.

A petition from sundry inhabitants of the Mississippi territory on the East side of Pearl river, was presented, praying for a division of that territory. The same petition was presented at the last session, and laid on the table. It was now referred to a select committee.

A petition of the directors of the Potomac company, which was presented at the last session, was referred to the committee on the district of Columbia.

On motion of *Mr. Bassett*, the committee of ways and means were discharged from the further consideration of the Message and Documents received from the President yesterday; and the said Message and Documents were referred to the committee on the naval establishment of the U. States.

Several petitions for post-roads were presented and referred.

The house went into committee of the whole on the bill "For extending the right of suffrage in the Indiana Territory and for other purposes." The bill was reported to the house without amendment, and the report agreed to.

Mr. Nelson offered a resolution to appoint a committee to enquire into the expediency of making provision by law for the relief of the disabled and superannuated officers and soldiers of the late revolutionary army and of the present army of the United States.

Mr. Whitman presented a petition from several inhabitants of Portland, Maine, praying for a uniform system of Bankruptcy. Considerable debate took place on the motion for a reference of this petition. It was moved to refer it to a select committee. Lost. *Mr. Newton* moved to refer it to a committee of the whole house. Lost.

Mr. Whitman offered a resolution to request the President of the U. S. to lay before this house such information as he may have in his possession, and which may be proper to communicate, respecting the capture, seizure and condemnation of vessels and merchandize of the U. S. made under the government of Denmark.

Mr. Newton moved to amend the resolution, by adding "G. Britain and France."—On the question of amendment it was carried 51 to 45.

On motion of *Mr. Bassett*, the resolution was further amended by adding, *not heretofore communicated to Congress*. The resolution thus amended passed, and a committee was appointed to present it to the President.

Mr. Morrow offered a resolution for instructing the committee on public lands, to enquire into the expediency of extending the time for locating military land warrants, &c. and to report by bill or otherwise. Adopted.

Adjourned.

IN SENATE.

DECEMBER 5.

Mr. GILES from the committee appointed on the first inst. reported in part the following resolution; which was read the first time and passed to the second reading:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the U. States of America in Congress assembled, That the expressions contained in the official letter of Francis James Jackson, Minister Plenipotentiary of his Britannic Majesty near the U. States, dated the 23d of Oct. 1809, and addressed to Mr. Smith, Secretary of State, conveying the idea, that the Executive government of the U. States had a knowledge that the arrangement lately made by Mr. Erskine, his predecessor, on behalf of his government, with the government of the U. S. was entered into without competent powers on the part of Mr. Erskine for that purpose, were highly indecorous and insolent; that the repetition of the same intimation in his official letter dated the 4th of November, 1809, after he was apprized by the asseveration of the secretary of state that the executive government had no such knowledge, and that if it had possessed such knowledge such arrangement would not have been entered into on the part of the U. S. and after also being officially apprized that such intimation was inadmissible; was still more insolent and affronting; and that in refusing to receive any further communications from him in consequence of these outrageous and premeditated insults, the executive government has manifested a just regard to its own dignity and honor as well as the character and interest of the American people.

That the letter signed Francis James Jackson, headed "Circular" dated the 18th of November, 1809, and published and circulated through the country, is a still more direct and aggravated insult and affront to the American people and their government, as it is evidently an insidious attempt to excite their resentment and distrusts against their own government by appealing to them, through false or fallacious disguises, against some of its acts; and to excite resentments and divisions amongst the people themselves which can only be dishonorable to their own characters and ruinous to their own interests; and the Congress of the United States do hereby solemnly pledge themselves to the American people and to the world to stand by and support the executive government in its refusal to receive any further communications from the said Francis James Jackson, & to call into action the whole force of the nation if it should become necessary in consequence of the conduct of the executive government in this respect, to repel such insults and to assert and maintain the rights, the honor, and the interests of the United States.

Mr. Giles, from the same committee also reported the following bill, which was read and passed to a second reading.

A bill to prevent the abuse of the privileges and immunities enjoyed by foreign ministers within the U. States.

Be it enacted, &c. That if any foreign embassador, minister, or other person, entitled to enjoy within the U. S. the privileges and immunities of a foreign minister, shall have committed, or may hereafter commit, any such act as by the laws and usages of nations would justify the President of the United States in ordering such offending embassador, minister or other persons as aforesain of the District of Col. or out of the territories of the U. S.; or in sending him home to his sovereign, or to some place or territory within his sovereign's jurisdiction; in every such case where the President of the United States shall deem it proper and expedient to exercise his constitutional authority, in either of these respects he shall be, and is hereby authorised and empowered to cause a warrant to be issued and signed by the Secretary of State, directed to any civil officer of the U. States, authorised to serve process, or any military officer under the authority of the United States, commanding him to provide for and enforce the departure of such ambassador, minister or other person offending as aforesaid, taking due precautions to avoid improper or unnecessary violence in executing such warrant. And all officers civil and military, under the authority of the United States are hereby required and enjoined to be obedient to such warrant.—And in case any officer, civil or military, to whom such warrant shall be directed, shall fail, refuse, or unreasonably delay to execute the same, every officer so offending shall be deemed guilty of high misdemeanor, and shall be punished by fine aud imprisonment before any court of the United States having cognizance of the offence.—*Provided*, that the fine shall not exceed

dollars, nor the imprisonment be for a longer time than

years.

Mr. Giles gave notice that he should call for the consideration of this subject on Thursday next.

The New-York Evening Post of Saturday says:—"When the Enterprise left Amsterdam, Oct. 15, there was great rejoicings on account of the Treaty of Peace between France and Austria.

Port of Alexandria.

ARRIVED,

Schr. Eliza, Berry, 18 days from St. Bartholomews—ballast—J. and T. Vowell.

Left there, schooner Ocean, Haynes, to sail for Baltimore in 4 days; schooner Freighter, Levering, of and for Alexandria in 10 days; brig Three Brothers, to sail for Baltimore in ten days.

Schooner Alert, M'Kenzie, St. Bartholomews, last from St. Kitts, where she was carried in by a British Cruizer——Coffee——to George Colman and others.

Schooner Citizen, Sturges, New York——Groceries and Dry Goods——B. Hampson and others.

Schooner Fair Play, Pasquail, New Port; cheese and apples——to M. Miller.

RAISINS IN KEGS.

BRYAN HAMPSON & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED

A consignment of fresh *Raisins* in kegs;

Which they will sell by the quantity or single keg.

A few boxes first quality CHOCOLATE; for retailing.

December 7.

Just Received and for sale by

NEWTON KEENE,

30 hhds. and 50 barrels 1st and 2d quality Brown Sugar.

A few bales Cotton, and ten boxes Mould Candles.

Dec. 7. 3t

PUBLIC SALE.

To be sold on the 23d day of this month, if fair, if not the next fair day, unless disposed of at private sale,

A Two Story Brick House,

On Water street, adjoining the property of captain Hamilton, and Mr. Harper's Rope Walk.

ALSO, FOR READY MONEY,

A small two story Framed House;

On Duke street, next door but one to Mr. Dulany's corner. For terms apply to the

PRINTER.

December 7.

Just Received

And for sale by James Kennedy, sen. Bookseller, King-street,

Gentlemen and Lady's Pocket Almanacs, in plain and Morocco bindings, for the year 1810.

AND

Johnson's Virginia and Farmer's Almanacs for do. containing a variety of useful and entertaining matter—by the dozen or otherwise.

ALSO,

Dr. Hooper's Physicians Vademecum—just published—a very useful Manual for young gentlemen of the faculty. Price 112 cents.

Dr. Rees's Medical Guide.

Pennington's Memoirs of Mrs. Eliza Carter.

Blair's Lectures on Rhetorick and the Belle's Lettres.

Adams's Roman Antiquities.

Complete Farrier (new edition.)

Misses' Magazine—2 vols.

Partaus's Lectures on St. Matthew.

Dr. Newcomb's Harmony of the Evangelists.

Mrs. Watts's Letters to a Young Man.

Cowper's Poems and Task—seperate, elegant miniature editions.

Mediator's Kingdom, not of this World. 37 and half cents

December 7. eotf

☞ *Choice Imperial Tea.*

THE subscriber has just received a supply of *uncommon good* IMPERIAL TEA—such as he can recommend to his customers.

Thomas Patten.

TO RENT,

The *STORE* and *WAREHOUSE* lately occupied by Messrs. *Libby* and *Carne*, at the corner of Fairfax and Prince streets. Also, one of the adjoining Stores and Warehouses in the same brick building. Possession can be had immediately and the rents will be made unusually low.

J. H. Hooe.

October 19. eotf

☞ I wish to rent the Dwelling and Warehouses corner of King and Alfred-streets, lately occupied by Mr. Ambrose Vasse.

William S. Moore.

December 5. dtf

TO RENT,

A three story Brick Dwelling House is, the corner of Washington and Prince-stree—at present occupied by Mr. Thomas Jacob.

A L S O,

A WARE HOUSE, they will be let together or seperately. Possession will be given on the first of November next. For terms apply to Mr. P. Triplett.

Edmund Denney.

October 19. ••

Pinkerton's Collection of Voyages and Travels,

Forming a complete History of the Origin and Progress of Discovery by Sea and Land, from the most authentic Sources.

THE first number of this valuable Work is just come to hand and is ready for inspection at the store of the subscriber, in King-street, and with Mr. *Triplet*, at the coffee-house.

Fully aware of the impositions that have been practised upon the public by strangers soliciting subscriptions from distant places; the Editors invite their examination of a Work perhaps the most useful, entertaining as well as extensive in its kind that has ever been undertaken in any country. And they flatter themselves that the American will by no means shrink from a comparison with the London edition, tho' offered at six dollars per Vol. less.

This number may be considered as a fair specimen of the execution of the work, and will be left a short time for examination, before the 2d number is put to press. After this the subscription will be raised to $2 25 each number; and but a few more copies printed than are sufficient to supply the subscribers, that the early patrons of this valuable Work may have a decided advantage—subsequent applications may therefore come too late.

It is also the intention of the Editors to annex to the last number a complete list of the names of the subscribers as the patrons and encouragers of useful knowledge, the arts and literature of the United States.

Subscriptions are received by the suscriber, and no where else in the district.

James Kennedy, sen.

December 5. eotf

Joseph H. Mandeville,

Offers for sale the following articles, by wholesale or retail.

3000 bush. Lisbon and Liverpool Salt
20000 lbs Green Coffee, in barrels and bags
5000 Goshen Cheese, of excellent quality in casks
1000 New England do. do.
200 bbls. of Herrings, Shad and Mackarel
50 tons Plaister Paris
20 bales prime Upland Georgia Cotton.
10 hhds. Jamaica, Antigua and Demarara Rum
4 pipes French and ditto Brandy
15 hhds. Muscovado Sugar
50 bbls. do. do. different qualities
2 hhds. Copperas

Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Hyson Skin, } TEAS.

Madeira, Lisbon, Claret, and Catalonia } WINES,

Holland and Country Gin
New England Rum in hhds. and bbls.
Peach and Apple Brandy in bbls.
Martinique Cordials, in boxes
Loaf and Lump Sugar, Havannah Honey per gallon, Figblue,
Molasses in hhds. Spanish Flotant Indigo, Spanish Cigars, Butter,
Harris's and Taylor's manufactured Tobacco in kegs,
Gunpowder and Shot of different sizes,
Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Pepper, Pimento, Chocolate Nos. 1 and 3, Mould and Dipt Candles,
Malaga Raisins in boxes,
Pipes in boxes, 3 gross each,
Hingham box's, Hamilton's Garrett's and Leiper's Snuff in bottles,
London and Philadelphia Mustard,
Writing and Wrapping Paper,
Bed Cords, Leading Lines, &c.

ALSO,

A constant supply of WATER CRACKERS and best SUPERFINE FLOUR, by retail, and
30 hhds. of Maryland and Virginia Tobacco.

November 20.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale the House on Fairfax-street, in Alexandria, now occupied by Mrs. *S. Nickolls*. The assessors say this property is worth four thousand two hundred dollars, and have, year after year, assessed it at this sum; but the subscriber now offers it for sale at the half of the assessed value.

He also offers for sale,

The vacant Lots on Fairfax and Franklin-streets. Assessors have said that these Lots are worth three thousand two hundred dollars per acre, and have assessed them at that rate; but the subscriber will take less than the half of that sum per acre.

He would gladly sell all his property on the Mall—his Houses on King-street, near Royal street—his Houses on the same street, near Washington street—his ground-rents, or any other property he has in Alexandria, on a credit of 6, 12, and 18 months.—Apply to Cuthbert Powell or

S. Cooke.

Leesburg, March 30. taw

NOTICE:

THAT the annual meeting of the Stockholders in the Little River Turnpike Company, will be held on the first Monday in December next, at the City Hotel, in Alexandria: at which time and place an election will take place for a President, four Directors, and a Treasurer. A statement of the company's funds together with a report of the proceedings, expenditures and progress of the work will be laid before the meeting. A proposition for equallizing the interest of the old and new Stockholders, will be taken up and decided upon.

Jonah Thompson,
Treasurer L. R. T. C.

October 1. StawlstMyDec

Valuable Property for Sale.

IN pursuance of a deed executed to th subscribers on the 11th day of August, 1808, by the late *Robert T. Hooe*, Esq. in trust for certain purposes thereby expressed, they will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Coffee-House, in the town of Alexandria, on the first Monday in March next, the following *valuable Property*, viz.

One Lot of Ground in the said town of Alexandria, lying eastward of Union and between Duke and Wolfe streets, with a Wharf extended from the same into the river: This lot fronts feet on the Potomac.

One other Lot, situated on Water street, between Prince and Duke-streets, and fronting about 27 feet on Water-street. This lot is handsomely enclosed, and there is a very productive garden upon it.

The undivided Moiety of the following Property, all situated in the said town of Alexandria, to wit—

One Moiety of the Property on which the said *R. T. Hooe* lately resided, situated at the corner of Prince and Water-streets, and fronting feet or thereabouts on Water, and feet on Duke-streets. On this property there are extensive Brick Buildings, forming a large and well finished Dwelling House & three Stores, with all necessary out houses, a pump in the yard and an excellent garden.

ALSO,

The undivided Moiety of a House and Lot situated at the corner of Water and Duke streets, fronting feet on Water, and feet on Duke. This property is subject to an annual ground rent forever of sixty one and an half dollars.

The whole of the above property except the last is free of encumbrance, and will be shewn at any time to such as desire to be informed about it. The sale will be made on a credit of 6, 12 and 18 months for approved indorsed notes, negotiable at the bank of Alexandria.

Charles Simms,
Thomas Swann,
R. Harrison.

Nov. 30 d2

VALUABLE LAND
FOR SALE,

Distant 23 miles from Georgetown and Alexandria, 19 miles from Occoquan Mills, and twenty from Dumfries, and within two miles and a half of the Little River Turnpike Road It consists of *Five and Twenty Hundred acres*, lying on the waters of Bull and Little Rockey runs, in the counties of Fairfax and Prince William. The quality of this land is excellent, and, to a grazier especially, would be a source of great emolument, from the quantity of low grounds: of which there is not less than Five hundred acres, ready, from the strength of the soil, to be sowed in Timothy. This land is decidedly benefitted by the plaister of Paris. On it is a very good scite for a mill, the stream being one of the most constant in that part of the country. There are about 800 acres in wood, heavily timbered. The improvements are, a dwelling house newly fitted up, consisting of two rooms below stairs, with a store room and two convenient closets, three lodging rooms above stairs, an excellent cellar, a kitchen, corn house, meat house and stables. Likewise the overseer's house, one in each county, with other necessary houses or negroes, &c.

Between 2 and 300 acres in addition, for sale, in Prince William county, on Bull Run near its conflux with Occoquan. This land lies about 10 or 11 miles from the Occaquan mills, and has nearly one third in woods—its quality is equal to any in its immediate neighborhood.

Persons disposed to purchase may be supplied on the first named tract with a large stock of horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, farming utensils. The subscriber willing to emigrate southwardly will dispose of the above mentioned property on the most reasonable terms.

Information respecting the property may be had by application to the honorable Judge Washington of Mount Vernon, H. S. Turner, Esquire, of Jefferson county, or in the absence of the subscriber to Bernard Hooe, jun. Esq. living near the premises:

T. Blackburn.

Rippon Lodge, near Dumfries, Va. June 12. 2aw

For Rent or Sale,
A Bake-house & Dwelling-houses.

THAT Bake House and Dwelling House situate at the corner of Water and Oronoko streets, at present occupied by Mr. Andrew Jamieson. Possession may be had the first day of January next.

ALSO,

That Square, or two acres of ground, with the improvements thereon, situate on Washington street, between Oronoko and Pendleton streets, whereon my family at present live. Immediate possession may be had.

ALSO TO RENT,

That Dwelling House on Princess street, near Water street, adjoining the house at present occupied by Mr. John Jamieson.—Immediate possession will be given.

John Dundas.

November 17. d1w&eotf

ADAM LYNN,

HAS JUST RECEIVED AN ASSORTMENT OF
FASHIONABLE JEWELRY,
—CONSISTING OF—

CORNELIAN Ear Rings, Broaches and Bracelets, Pearl Broaches, Watch Keys, &c. &c.

ALSO,

Gold and Silver Epaulets, Lace, Cord and Sword Knots, Officers long Silk Sashes, Swords, Dirks, Belts and Plumes, Backgammon Board, Paints in boxes, Tortoishell Combs, Plated Candlesticks, Castors, Liquor Stands and Salts, Whips, and a variety of other articles.

Silver Ware as usual.

He continues to manufacture Gold & Silver ware of every description.

Two Apprentices wanted.

November 20. eo

Just Received

And for sale by James Kennedy, sen. Bookseller, King-street, the following
NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Comic Tales, in 2 vols.
Gertrude of Wyoming, a Poem, by Thomas Campbell.
Coelebs in search of a Wife.
Carr's Caledonian Sketches.
Cottagers of Glenburnie.
Thaddeus of Warsaw. Hungarian Brothers.
Harriott's Struggles thro' Life.
Memoirs of an American Lady, by Mrs. Grant.
Letters from the Mountains, 2 vols. by do.
Extracts in Prose and Verse from the best authors, with some Original Pieces, by a Lady of Maryland.
Lessons for Young Persons in Humble Life.
The Star in the East, a Sermon, by Dr. Buchanan lately from India—highly interesting to the friends of Christianity.
Dr. Smith's Lectures on the Evidences of the Christian Religion.
Dr. Miller's Letters on the constitution and order of the Christian Ministry.
Dr. Lowth's translation of Isaiah.
Dr. Campbell's dissertation on Miracles, in answer to David Hume, with Sermons and other Tracts.
The works of Thomas a Kempis, 2 vols.
——Imitation of Christ, by do.
——History of the destruction of Jerusalem.
True Piety, or a day well spent—being a new and handsome edition of the Catholic Manual.

ALSO

A General Assortment of Stationary Articles, viz:

Blank Books ruled to any Pattern; Record Books; best Foolscap and Letter paper; best Black Ink Powder; Wafers; Sealing Wax; best Quills; Black Lead Pencils, and Silver Pencil Cases; a handsome assortment of Lady's and Gentlemen's Morocco Pocket Books; Purses and Thread Cases, and best Penknives; Asses Skin Tablets and Note Cases; Cut Glass Ink and Sand Bottles with plated tops; Wedgwood, Pewter, Paper and Brass Ink stands; Mathematical Instrument Cases; Gunter's Scales and Dividers; Slates; Pencils; &c.

*** *Blank Books made to any pattern, with Patent ruling and binding.*

Nov. 6. eotf

New House of Entertainment.

THOMAS RHODES, respectfully informs the citizens of Alexandria and the public, that he will open a HOUSE OF ENTERTAINMENT on the first day of July next, in a commodious and new house on Prince-street, sign of the Eagle, a few doors above Thomas Swann's dwelling.—He intends to keep a constant supply of the best LIQUORS and PROVISIONS, and will accommodate travellers and others on such moderate terms as to make it an object to call on him. He will be provided with a careful hostler and has good stabling for horses.

The situation is superior to any in town for the accommodation of travellers, it being out of the way of bustle and there is a pump of the best water at the door

June 24 2aw

☞ *Choice Imperial Tea.*

THE subscriber has just received a supply of *uncommon good* IMPERIAL TEA—such as he can recommend to his customers.

Thomas Patton.

Alexandria Weaving Manufactory.
TO THE PUBLIC.

THE inhabitants of Alexandria and its vicinity are respectfully informed that we the subscribers, lately from the neighborhood of Manchester, (England) have, by the desire and aid of our friends, opened a WEAVING MANUFACTORY, on the premises belonging to Mr. Edward Gray, between the dwelling house of Thomas Swann, Esq. and the Spread Eagle Tavern, Prince-street—where we are ready to receive for weaving the various sorts of country spun cotton, linen and woollen, and hope by a steady, & upright attention to business, to merit the encouragement and approbation of our friends and the public. In order to give general satisfaction to our friends and employers, every material will be strictly weighed on the receiving and delivery thereof. The yarn, &c. in hanks or broaches, are more suitable than in balls.

Joab De Mane,
Robert Hart,
Henry Moon.

November 30. 2m

A further Proof
OF
Yarwood's useful Washing Machine.

THIS new and very useful invention, has met with general encouragement at every place where they have been tried; in the country as well as town they have gained great applause. The authority of the undersigned ladies cannot be disputed, and I will warrant every machine to answer the description given of them. To any person who will purchase of me, I will sell out rights of counties to the southward or westward, for cash, Barter or on a credit. Apply to the subscriber in Alexandria.

Wm. C. Newton,
Assignee of Joseph Yarwood.

We the subscribers have found, on trial, Joseph Yarwood's Patent Washing Machine to answer fully the intended purpose of washing cloaths of every description, and do heredy recommend them to the public as a great saving of soap, labor and cloaths. Given under our hands this day of June, 1809.

(Signed)

Dorothea Krouse, Cathinder Calder, Ann M'Carren, Martha Abercrombie, Ruth Devon, Rebecca Hattersley, Valinda Brown, Elizabeth Black, Jane [illegible] Swann, H. Dick, Susanna Rounsaville, Elizabeth Wilson, Elizabeth Snyder, Nancy Bell, Sarah Kelsenger, Margaret B. Manley, Mary Fendall, Mary Steel, Sarah Fitzhugh, Mary Duffey, Persia Hodgkin, Carolina Hopkins, Sarah B. M'Kenny, Elizabeth Muir, Polly Rhoades, Elizabeth Longden, Ann Snowden, Ann Davies, Mary Bryan, Mary Slade, Betsey Furner, Mary Smith, Sarah G. Janney, Jane Harriott Slacom, Mary Stabler, Winefred M'Namara, Mary Berry, Tryphosa N. Cole, Jemimah Nutt, Linne Dekens, Eliza Butts, Sarah M'Cobb, Sarah Taylor, Sally Dier, Esther Sanford. The following subscribers live in Loudon county. Mary Kile, Polly Gallcher, Jane M'Cabe, Kitty Dowling, Judith Newton, Mary Luckett.

DIRECTIONS HOW TO USE
YARWOOD'S
Patent Washing Machine.

First fill the barrel [illegible] of your finest cloths, then fill the bo[illegible] of the Reservoir with hot suds up to the side planks, turn the Crank backwards and forwards so as to make the cloaths fall the hardest against the sides of the barrel for about twenty-five minutes, then use the same suds with a little more soap and hot water for the next finest cloaths, until the suds are unfit for use, then second your cloaths in the same way with boiling suds, after rubbing a little soap on the dirtiest parts of the cloaths; then rince them in the machine in warm or cold water.

A FORM OF CERTIFICATE.

This is to certify, that is entitled to the right of making, useing and vending of Yarwood's Patent Washing Machine, for which I have received dollars being the cost of the same.

All persons are cautioned against making, useing or vending the above machine without a certificate from me or my assigns within [illegible] months, as I shall prosecute them as the law directs.

WM. C. NEWTON.

I wish to inform my friends and customers, that I have a quantity of the above Machines now making, which are to be delivered to me on demand, made out of the best seasoned plank & well painted. Orders will be punctually attended to by leaving or sending them to me, in Prince street, Alexandria, opposite Mr. Rhodes's Tavern.

Wm. C. Newton.

Nov..

☞ PRINTING in all its various branches, handsomely executed with accuracy and dispatch.